



# **Important Formulas of Triangle**

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## **List of 31 Important Formulas of Triangle**

## Important Formulas of Triangle

## Angles of Triangle 🗗

1) Angle A of Triangle

$$oxed{oxed{oxed{A}}} oxed{oxed{A}} = a \cosigg(rac{\mathrm{S_c^2 + S_b^2 - S_a^2}}{2 \cdot \mathrm{S_c \cdot S_b}}igg)$$

Open Calculator

$$27.66045^{\circ} = a \cos \left( \frac{(20\text{m})^2 + (14\text{m})^2 - (10\text{m})^2}{2 \cdot 20\text{m} \cdot 14\text{m}} \right)$$

## 2) Angle B of Triangle

$$oxed{egin{aligned} egin{aligned} egin{aligned\\ egin{aligned} egin{aligned$$

Open Calculator 🚰

$$40.5358^{\circ} = a \cos \left( \frac{(20\text{m})^2 + (10\text{m})^2 - (14\text{m})^2}{2 \cdot 20\text{m} \cdot 10\text{m}} \right)$$

3) Angle C of Triangle

$$oxed{\kappa} egin{aligned} \angle ext{C} = a \cos igg(rac{ ext{S}_{ ext{b}}^2 + ext{S}_{ ext{a}}^2 - ext{S}_{ ext{c}}^2}{2 \cdot ext{S}_{ ext{b}} \cdot ext{S}_{ ext{a}}}igg) \end{aligned}$$

Open Calculator

$$oxed{a} = a \cos \left( rac{\left(14 \mathrm{m}
ight)^2 + \left(10 \mathrm{m}
ight)^2 - \left(20 \mathrm{m}
ight)^2}{2 \cdot 14 \mathrm{m} \cdot 10 \mathrm{m}} 
ight)}$$

4) Third Angle of Triangle given Two Angles

fx 
$$\angle C = \pi - (\angle A + \angle B)$$

Open Calculator

$$\boxed{110° = \pi - (30° + 40°)}$$



## Area of Triangle 🗗

5) Area of Triangle

$$\mathbf{A} = \frac{\sqrt{\left(\mathbf{S}_{\mathrm{a}} + \mathbf{S}_{\mathrm{b}} + \mathbf{S}_{\mathrm{c}}\right) \cdot \left(\mathbf{S}_{\mathrm{b}} + \mathbf{S}_{\mathrm{c}} - \mathbf{S}_{\mathrm{a}}\right) \cdot \left(\mathbf{S}_{\mathrm{a}} - \mathbf{S}_{\mathrm{b}} + \mathbf{S}_{\mathrm{c}}\right) \cdot \left(\mathbf{S}_{\mathrm{a}} + \mathbf{S}_{\mathrm{b}} - \mathbf{S}_{\mathrm{c}}\right)}}{\mathbf{A}}$$

Open Calculator

ex

$$\boxed{64.99231 \text{m}^2 = \frac{\sqrt{(10 \text{m} + 14 \text{m} + 20 \text{m}) \cdot (14 \text{m} + 20 \text{m} - 10 \text{m}) \cdot (10 \text{m} - 14 \text{m} + 20 \text{m}) \cdot (10 \text{m} + 14 \text{m} - 20 \text{m})}{4}}$$

6) Area of Triangle by Heron's Formula

$$A = \sqrt{s \cdot (s - S_a) \cdot (s - S_b) \cdot (s - S_c)}$$

Open Calculator

7) Area of Triangle given Base and Height

$$\mathbf{K} = rac{1}{2} \cdot \mathrm{S_c} \cdot \mathrm{h_c}$$

Open Calculator

8) Area of Triangle given Inradius and Semiperimeter

fx 
$$A = r_i \cdot s$$

Open Calculator

9) Area of Triangle given Two Angles and Third Side 🗗

$$\mathbf{f}_{\mathbf{A}} = rac{\mathrm{S_a^2 \cdot sin}(\angle \mathrm{B}) \cdot \mathrm{sin}(\angle \mathrm{C})}{2 \cdot \mathrm{sin}(\pi - \angle \mathrm{B} - \angle \mathrm{C})}$$

Open Calculator 🗗



#### 10) Area of Triangle given Two Sides and Third Angle 🚰

$$\mathbf{A} = \mathrm{S_a} \cdot \mathrm{S_b} \cdot rac{\sin(\angle \mathrm{C})}{2}$$

Open Calculator

## Heights of Triangle 🗗

#### 11) Height on Side A of Triangle

$$\mathbf{h}_{\mathrm{a}} = rac{\sqrt{\left(\mathrm{S_a} + \mathrm{S_b} + \mathrm{S_c}
ight) \cdot \left(\mathrm{S_b} - \mathrm{S_a} + \mathrm{S_c}
ight) \cdot \left(\mathrm{S_a} - \mathrm{S_b} + \mathrm{S_c}
ight) \cdot \left(\mathrm{S_a} + \mathrm{S_b} - \mathrm{S_c}
ight)}}{2 \cdot \mathrm{S_a}}$$

Open Calculator

$$12.99846 m = \frac{\sqrt{(10 m + 14 m + 20 m) \cdot (14 m - 10 m + 20 m) \cdot (10 m - 14 m + 20 m) \cdot (10 m + 14 m - 20 m)}}{2 \cdot 10 m}$$

#### 12) Height on Side B of Triangle

$$\mathbf{h}_{b} = rac{\sqrt{\left(S_{a} + S_{b} + S_{c}
ight) \cdot \left(S_{b} - S_{a} + S_{c}
ight) \cdot \left(S_{a} - S_{b} + S_{c}
ight) \cdot \left(S_{a} + S_{b} - S_{c}
ight)}}{2 \cdot S_{b}}$$

Open Calculator

ex

$$9.284615 \text{m} = \frac{\sqrt{(10 \text{m} + 14 \text{m} + 20 \text{m}) \cdot (14 \text{m} - 10 \text{m} + 20 \text{m}) \cdot (10 \text{m} - 14 \text{m} + 20 \text{m}) \cdot (10 \text{m} + 14 \text{m} - 20 \text{m})}}{2 \cdot 14 \text{m}}$$

#### 13) Height on Side C of Triangle

$$\mathbf{h}_{c} = \frac{\sqrt{\left(S_{a} + S_{b} + S_{c}\right) \cdot \left(S_{b} - S_{a} + S_{c}\right) \cdot \left(S_{a} - S_{b} + S_{c}\right) \cdot \left(S_{a} + S_{b} - S_{c}\right)}}{2 \cdot S_{c}}$$

Open Calculator

ex

$$6.499231 m = \frac{\sqrt{(10 m + 14 m + 20 m) \cdot (14 m - 10 m + 20 m) \cdot (10 m - 14 m + 20 m) \cdot (10 m + 14 m - 20 m)}}{2 \cdot 20 m}$$



Open Calculator

Open Calculator

Open Calculator

Open Calculator 🚰

Open Calculator

## Medians of Triangle

## 14) Median on Side A of Triangle

$$\mathbf{K}\mathbf{M}_{\mathrm{a}} = rac{\sqrt{2\cdot\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{c}}^{2}+2\cdot\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{b}}^{2}-\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{a}}^{2}}}{2}$$

ex 
$$16.52271 \mathrm{m} = rac{\sqrt{2 \cdot (20 \mathrm{m})^2 + 2 \cdot (14 \mathrm{m})^2 - (10 \mathrm{m})^2}}{2}$$

$$oldsymbol{ ilde{\kappa}} M_b = rac{\sqrt{2 \cdot S_a^2 + 2 \cdot S_c^2 - S_b^2}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2 \cdot (10 \text{m})^2 + 2 \cdot (20 \text{m})^2 - (14 \text{m})^2}}{2}$$

## 16) Median on Side C of Triangle

$$\mathbf{M}_{\mathrm{c}} = rac{\sqrt{2\cdot\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{a}}^2 + 2\cdot\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{b}}^2 - \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{c}}^2}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2 \cdot (10 \text{m})^2 + 2 \cdot (14 \text{m})^2 - (20 \text{m})^2}}{2}$$

## Perimeter of Triangle

## 17) Perimeter of Triangle

fx 
$$P = S_a + S_b + S_c$$

$$44m = 10m + 14m + 20m$$

fx 
$$s=rac{P}{2}$$

$$22 \mathrm{m} = rac{44 \mathrm{m}}{2}$$



#### 19) Semiperimeter of Triangle given all Sides

$$s=rac{S_a+S_b+S_c}{2}$$

Open Calculator 🚰

## Radius of Triangle 🗗

#### 20) Circumradius of Triangle

$$\mathbf{fx} \boxed{ \mathbf{r_c} = \frac{\mathbf{S_a \cdot S_b \cdot S_c}}{\sqrt{(\mathbf{S_a + S_b + S_c}) \cdot (\mathbf{S_b - S_a + S_c}) \cdot (\mathbf{S_a - S_b + S_c}) \cdot (\mathbf{S_a + S_b - S_c})} } \\ \boxed{ } \text{Open Calculator CF}$$

ex

$$10.77051m = \frac{10m \cdot 14m \cdot 20m}{\sqrt{(10m + 14m + 20m) \cdot (14m - 10m + 20m) \cdot (10m - 14m + 20m) \cdot (10m + 14m - 20m)}}$$

#### 21) Exradius Opposite to Angle A of Triangle

$$\mathbf{r}_{e(\angle A)} = \sqrt{\frac{\left(\frac{S_a + S_b + S_c}{2}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{S_a - S_b + S_c}{2}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{S_a + S_b - S_c}{2}\right)}{\frac{S_b + S_c - S_a}{2}}}$$

Open Calculator

#### 22) Inradius of Triangle

$$\mathbf{r}_{
m i} = rac{\sqrt{({
m S}_{
m a} + {
m S}_{
m b} + {
m S}_{
m c}) \cdot ({
m S}_{
m b} + {
m S}_{
m c} - {
m S}_{
m a}) \cdot ({
m S}_{
m a} - {
m S}_{
m b} + {
m S}_{
m c}) \cdot ({
m S}_{
m a} + {
m S}_{
m b} - {
m S}_{
m c})}}{2 \cdot ({
m S}_{
m a} + {
m S}_{
m b} + {
m S}_{
m c})}$$

Open Calculator

ex

$$2.954196 \text{m} = \frac{\sqrt{(10 \text{m} + 14 \text{m} + 20 \text{m}) \cdot (14 \text{m} + 20 \text{m} - 10 \text{m}) \cdot (10 \text{m} - 14 \text{m} + 20 \text{m}) \cdot (10 \text{m} + 14 \text{m} - 20 \text{m})}}{2 \cdot (10 \text{m} + 14 \text{m} + 20 \text{m})}$$





## Sides of Triangle

#### 23) Side A of Triangle

$$\left[S_{a}=\sqrt{S_{b}^{2}+S_{c}^{2}-2\cdot S_{b}\cdot S_{c}\cdot \cos(\angle A)}
ight]$$

24) Side A of Triangle given Two Angles and Side B 🛂

$$= \sqrt{{{{\left( {14\text{m}} \right)}^2} + {{\left( {20\text{m}} \right)}^2} - 2 \cdot 14\text{m} \cdot 20\text{m} \cdot {\cos (30^\circ )} } }$$

$$\mathbf{S}_{\mathrm{a}} = \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{b}} \cdot rac{\sin(\angle \mathrm{A})}{\sin(\angle \mathrm{B})}$$

ex 
$$10.89007 \text{m} = 14 \text{m} \cdot \frac{\sin(30^\circ)}{\sin(40^\circ)}$$

### 25) Side A of Triangle given Two Angles and Side C

$$ext{S}_{
m a} = ext{S}_{
m c} \cdot rac{\sin(\angle A)}{\sin(\angle C)}$$

$$= 20m \cdot \frac{\sin(30^\circ)}{\sin(110^\circ)}$$

$$S_{
m b} = \sqrt{S_{
m a}^2 + S_{
m c}^2 - 2 \cdot S_{
m a} \cdot S_{
m c} \cdot \cos(\angle B)}$$

$$= \sqrt{{{{\left( {10m} \right)}^2} + {{\left( {20m} \right)}^2} - 2 \cdot 10m \cdot 20m \cdot {\cos (40^\circ )}} }$$

$$\mathbf{x} \mathbf{S}_b = \mathbf{S}_a \cdot rac{\sin(\angle \mathbf{B})}{\sin(\angle \mathbf{A})}$$

$$12.85575 \text{m} = 10 \text{m} \cdot \frac{\sin(40^\circ)}{\sin(30^\circ)}$$



#### 28) Side B of Triangle given Two Angles and Side C 🚰

 $\left|\mathbf{S}_{b}=\mathbf{S}_{c}\cdotrac{\sin(\angle\mathbf{B})}{\sin(\angle\mathbf{C})}
ight|$ 

Open Calculator

$$= 20 \text{m} \cdot \frac{\sin(40^\circ)}{\sin(110^\circ)}$$

#### 29) Side C of Triangle

 $\mathbf{S}_{\mathrm{c}} = \sqrt{\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{b}}^2 + \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{a}}^2 - 2 \cdot \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{a}} \cdot \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{b}} \cdot \mathrm{cos}(\angle \mathrm{C})}$ 

Open Calculator

ex 
$$19.79307m = \sqrt{(14m)^2 + (10m)^2 - 2 \cdot 10m \cdot 14m \cdot \cos(110^\circ)}$$

## 30) Side C of Triangle given Two Angles and Side A

 $\mathbf{S}_{\mathrm{c}} = \mathbf{S}_{\mathrm{a}} \cdot rac{\sin(\angle \mathbf{C})}{\sin(\angle \mathbf{A})}$ 

Open Calculator

ex 
$$18.79385 \text{m} = 10 \text{m} \cdot \frac{\sin(110^\circ)}{\sin(30^\circ)}$$

#### 31) Side C of Triangle given Two Angles and Side B

 $\mathbf{S}_{c} = \mathbf{S}_{b} \cdot rac{\sin(\angle C)}{\sin(\angle B)}$ 

Open Calculator

$$ext{ex} \ 20.46663 ext{m} = 14 ext{m} \cdot rac{\sin(110\degree)}{\sin(40\degree)}$$

#### Variables Used

- ∠A Angle A of Triangle (Degree)
- ∠B Angle B of Triangle (Degree)
- ∠C Angle C of Triangle (Degree)
- A Area of Triangle (Square Meter)
- ha Height on Side A of Triangle (Meter)
- **h**<sub>b</sub> Height on Side B of Triangle (Meter)
- h<sub>c</sub> Height on Side C of Triangle (Meter)
- Ma Median on Side A of Triangle (Meter)
- M<sub>h</sub> Median on Side B of Triangle (Meter)
- M<sub>c</sub> Median on Side C of Triangle (Meter)
- P Perimeter of Triangle (Meter)
- r<sub>c</sub> Circumradius of Triangle (Meter)
- $\mathbf{r}_{\mathbf{e}(\angle \mathbf{A})}$  Exradius Opposite to  $\angle \mathbf{A}$  of Triangle (Meter)
- r<sub>i</sub> Inradius of Triangle (Meter)
- S Semiperimeter of Triangle (Meter)
- Sa Side A of Triangle (Meter)
- S<sub>b</sub> Side B of Triangle (Meter)
- Sc Side C of Triangle (Meter)





#### Constants, Functions, Measurements used

Constant: pi, 3.14159265358979323846264338327950288
 Archimedes' constant

• Function: acos, acos(Number)

The inverse cosine function, is the inverse function of the cosine function. It is the function that takes a ratio as an input and returns the angle whose cosine is equal to that ratio.

Function: cos, cos(Angle)
 Cosine of an angle is the ratio of the side adjacent to the angle to the hypotenuse of the triangle.

Function: sin, sin(Angle)
 Sine is a trigonometric function that describes the ratio of the length of the opposite side of a right triangle to the length of the hypotenuse.

• Function: sqrt, sqrt(Number)

A square root function is a function that takes a non-negative number as an input and returns the square root of the given input number.

• Measurement: Length in Meter (m)
Length Unit Conversion

• Measurement: Area in Square Meter (m²)

Area Unit Conversion

• Measurement: Angle in Degree (°)

Angle Unit Conversion





#### **Check other formula lists**

- Equilateral Triangle Formulas
- Isosceles Right Triangle Formulas
- Isosceles Triangle Formulas

- Right Angled Triangle Formulas
- Scalene Triangle Formulas
- Triangle Formulas

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