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Angular Velocity Formulas

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List of 11 Angular Velocity Formulas

Angular Velocity ↗

1) Angular Velocity of Driven Wheel given Longitudinal Slip Velocity,
Velocity of Free Rolling Wheel ↗

fx $\Omega = s_{ltd} + \Omega_0$

Open Calculator ↗

ex $58.5\text{rad/s} = 9\text{rad/s} + 49.5\text{rad/s}$

2) Angular Velocity of Driven Wheel given Slip Ratio and Angular Velocity
of Free Rolling Wheel ↗

fx $\Omega = (SR + 1) \cdot \Omega_0$

Open Calculator ↗

ex $58.41\text{rad/s} = (0.18 + 1) \cdot 49.5\text{rad/s}$

3) Angular Velocity of Free Rolling Wheel given Longitudinal Slip Velocity,
Velocity of Driven Wheel ↗

fx $\Omega_0 = \Omega - s_{ltd}$

Open Calculator ↗

ex $49.5\text{rad/s} = 58.5\text{rad/s} - 9\text{rad/s}$



4) Angular Velocity of Free Rolling Wheel given Slip Ratio and Angular Velocity of Driven Wheel ↗

$$fx \quad \Omega_0 = \frac{\Omega}{SR + 1}$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$ex \quad 49.57627 \text{ rad/s} = \frac{58.5 \text{ rad/s}}{0.18 + 1}$$

5) Curb Force for Driven Wheel ↗

$$fx \quad F = \frac{G \cdot s}{r_d - h}$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$ex \quad 4426.829 \text{ N} = \frac{5000 \text{ N} \cdot 0.363 \text{ m}}{0.55 \text{ m} - 0.14 \text{ m}}$$

6) Maximum Permissible Speed on Transitioned Curves ↗

$$fx \quad V_{\max} = 0.347 \cdot \sqrt{(C_a + C_d) \cdot R_{\text{curvature}}}$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$ex \quad 0.716687 \text{ m/s} = 0.347 \cdot \sqrt{(130 \text{ mm} + 150 \text{ mm}) \cdot 15235 \text{ mm}}$$

7) Mechanical Advantage of Wheel and Axle ↗

$$fx \quad MA = \frac{r_d}{R_a}$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$ex \quad 5.641026 = \frac{0.55 \text{ m}}{0.0975 \text{ m}}$$



8) Normal Load on Wheels due to Gradient ↗

$$fx \quad F_N = M_v \cdot g \cdot \cos(\alpha)$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

ex $76365.74N = 9000N \cdot 9.8m/s^2 \cdot \cos(0.524rad)$

9) Variation of Rolling Resistance Coefficient at Varying Speed ↗

$$fx \quad f_r = 0.01 \cdot \left(1 + \frac{V}{100} \right)$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

ex $0.0145 = 0.01 \cdot \left(1 + \frac{45m/s}{100} \right)$

10) Wheel Flop ↗

$$fx \quad f = T_m \cdot \sin(\theta) \cdot \cos(\theta)$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

ex $4.330127mm = 10mm \cdot \sin(30^\circ) \cdot \cos(30^\circ)$

11) Wheel Force ↗

$$fx \quad F_w = 2 \cdot T \cdot \frac{\eta_t}{D_{wheel}} \cdot \frac{N}{n_{w_rpm}}$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

ex $6353.44N = 2 \cdot 140N*m \cdot \frac{0.83}{.350m} \cdot \frac{500}{499rev/min}$



Variables Used

- **C_a** Cant (Millimeter)
- **C_d** Cant Deficiency (Millimeter)
- **D_{wheel}** Diameter of Wheel (Meter)
- **f** Wheel Flop Factor (Millimeter)
- **F** Curb Force for Driven Wheel (Newton)
- **F_N** Normal Load on Wheels due to Gradient (Newton)
- **f_r** Rolling Resistance Coefficient
- **F_w** Wheel Force (Newton)
- **g** Acceleration due to Gravity (Meter per Square Second)
- **G** Weight on Single Wheel (Newton)
- **h** Height of Curb (Meter)
- **M_v** Vehicle Weight in Newtons (Newton)
- **MA** Mechanical Advantage of Wheel and Axle
- **N** Engine Speed in RPM
- **n_{w_rpm}** Wheel Speed (Revolution per Minute)
- **R_a** Radius of Axle (Meter)
- **R_{curvature}** Radius of Curvature (Millimeter)
- **r_d** Effective Radius of Wheel (Meter)
- **s** Contact Point Distance from Wheel Center Axis (Meter)
- **S_{ltd}** Longitudinal Slip Angular Velocity (Radian per Second)
- **SR** Slip Ratio
- **T** Engine Torque (Newton Meter)



- T_m Trail (Millimeter)
- V Vehicle Speed (Meter per Second)
- V_{max} Maximum Velocity (Meter per Second)
- α Angle of Inclination of Ground from Horizontal (Radian)
- η_t Transmission Efficiency of Vehicle
- θ Head Angle (Degree)
- Ω Angular Velocity of Driven or Braked Wheel (Radian per Second)
- Ω_0 Angular Velocity of Free Rolling Wheel (Radian per Second)



Constants, Functions, Measurements used

- **Function:** **cos**, cos(Angle)

Cosine of an angle is the ratio of the side adjacent to the angle to the hypotenuse of the triangle.

- **Function:** **sin**, sin(Angle)

Sine is a trigonometric function that describes the ratio of the length of the opposite side of a right triangle to the length of the hypotenuse.

- **Function:** **sqrt**, sqrt(Number)

A square root function is a function that takes a non-negative number as an input and returns the square root of the given input number.

- **Measurement:** **Length** in Meter (m), Millimeter (mm)

Length Unit Conversion 

- **Measurement:** **Speed** in Meter per Second (m/s)

Speed Unit Conversion 

- **Measurement:** **Acceleration** in Meter per Square Second (m/s²)

Acceleration Unit Conversion 

- **Measurement:** **Force** in Newton (N)

Force Unit Conversion 

- **Measurement:** **Angle** in Radian (rad), Degree (°)

Angle Unit Conversion 

- **Measurement:** **Angular Velocity** in Radian per Second (rad/s), Revolution per Minute (rev/min)

Angular Velocity Unit Conversion 

- **Measurement:** **Torque** in Newton Meter (N*m)

Torque Unit Conversion 



Check other formula lists

- [Angular Velocity Formulas](#) ↗
- [Wheel Parameters Formulas](#) ↗
- [Tire Rolling and Slipping Formulas](#) ↗

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