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First Order followed by Zero Order Reaction Formulas

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List of 10 First Order followed by Zero Order Reaction Formulas

First Order followed by Zero Order Reaction ↗

1) Initial Reactant Concentration in First Order followed by Zero Order Reaction ↗

$$fx \quad C_{A0} = \frac{C_{k0}}{\exp(-k_I \cdot \Delta t)}$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$ex \quad 84.61012 \text{ mol/m}^3 = \frac{24 \text{ mol/m}^3}{\exp(-0.42 \text{ s}^{-1} \cdot 3 \text{ s})}$$

2) Initial Reactant Concentration using Intermediate for First Order followed by Zero Order Reaction ↗

$$fx \quad [A]_0 = \frac{C_R + (k_0 \cdot \Delta t)}{1 - \exp(-k_I \cdot \Delta t)}$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$ex \quad 41.18122 \text{ mol/m}^3 = \frac{10 \text{ mol/m}^3 + (6.5 \text{ mol/m}^3 \cdot \text{s} \cdot 3 \text{ s})}{1 - \exp(-0.42 \text{ s}^{-1} \cdot 3 \text{ s})}$$

3) Intermediate Concentration for First Order followed by Zero Order Reaction ↗

$$fx \quad C_{R,1st \text{ order}} = C_{A0} \cdot \left(1 - \exp(-k_I \cdot \Delta t) - \left(\frac{k_0 \cdot \Delta t}{C_{A0}} \right) \right)$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$ex \quad 37.80768 \text{ mol/m}^3 = 80 \text{ mol/m}^3 \cdot \left(1 - \exp(-0.42 \text{ s}^{-1} \cdot 3 \text{ s}) - \left(\frac{6.5 \text{ mol/m}^3 \cdot \text{s} \cdot 3 \text{ s}}{80 \text{ mol/m}^3} \right) \right)$$

4) Maximum Intermediate Concentration in First Order followed by Zero Order Reaction ↗

$$fx \quad C_{R,max} = C_{A0} \cdot \left(1 - \left(\frac{k_0}{C_{A0} \cdot k_I} \cdot \left(1 - \ln \left(\frac{k_0}{C_{A0} \cdot k_I} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

$$ex \quad 39.1007 \text{ mol/m}^3 = 80 \text{ mol/m}^3 \cdot \left(1 - \left(\frac{6.5 \text{ mol/m}^3 \cdot \text{s}}{80 \text{ mol/m}^3 \cdot 0.42 \text{ s}^{-1}} \cdot \left(1 - \ln \left(\frac{6.5 \text{ mol/m}^3 \cdot \text{s}}{80 \text{ mol/m}^3 \cdot 0.42 \text{ s}^{-1}} \right) \right) \right) \right)$$




5) Rate Constant for First Order Reaction in First Order followed by Zero Order Reaction 

$$\text{fx } k_I = \left(\frac{1}{\Delta t} \right) \cdot \ln \left(\frac{C_{A0}}{C_{k0}} \right)$$

Open Calculator 


$$\text{ex } 0.401324\text{s}^{-1} = \left(\frac{1}{3\text{s}} \right) \cdot \ln \left(\frac{80\text{mol/m}^3}{24\text{mol/m}^3} \right)$$

6) Rate Constant for First Order Reaction using Rate Constant for Zero Order Reaction 

$$\text{fx } k_I = \left(\frac{1}{\Delta t} \right) \cdot \ln \left(\frac{C_{A0}}{C_{A0} - (k_0 \cdot \Delta t) - C_R} \right)$$

Open Calculator 

$$\text{ex } 0.153351\text{s}^{-1} = \left(\frac{1}{3\text{s}} \right) \cdot \ln \left(\frac{80\text{mol/m}^3}{80\text{mol/m}^3 - (6.5\text{mol/m}^3 \cdot \text{s} \cdot 3\text{s}) - 10\text{mol/m}^3} \right)$$

7) Rate Constant for Zero Order Reaction using Rate Constant for First Order Reaction 

$$\text{fx } k_0, k_I = \left(\frac{C_{A0}}{\Delta t} \right) \cdot \left(1 - \exp((-k_I) \cdot \Delta t) - \left(\frac{C_R}{C_{A0}} \right) \right)$$

Open Calculator 

$$\text{ex } 15.76923\text{mol/m}^3 \cdot \text{s} = \left(\frac{80\text{mol/m}^3}{3\text{s}} \right) \cdot \left(1 - \exp((-0.42\text{s}^{-1}) \cdot 3\text{s}) - \left(\frac{10\text{mol/m}^3}{80\text{mol/m}^3} \right) \right)$$

8) Reactant Concentration in First Order followed by Zero Order Reaction 

$$\text{fx } C_{k0} = C_{A0} \cdot \exp(-k_I \cdot \Delta t)$$

Open Calculator 

$$\text{ex } 22.69232\text{mol/m}^3 = 80\text{mol/m}^3 \cdot \exp(-0.42\text{s}^{-1} \cdot 3\text{s})$$

9) Time at Max Intermediate in First Order followed by Zero Order Reaction 

$$\text{fx } \tau_{R,\text{max}} = \left(\frac{1}{k_I} \right) \cdot \ln \left(\frac{k_I \cdot C_{A0}}{k_0} \right)$$

Open Calculator 

$$\text{ex } 3.911247\text{s} = \left(\frac{1}{0.42\text{s}^{-1}} \right) \cdot \ln \left(\frac{0.42\text{s}^{-1} \cdot 80\text{mol/m}^3}{6.5\text{mol/m}^3 \cdot \text{s}} \right)$$



10) Time Interval for First Order Reaction in First Order followed by Zero Order Reaction [Open Calculator](#) 

$$\text{fx } \Delta t = \left(\frac{1}{k_I} \right) \cdot \ln \left(\frac{C_{A0}}{C_{k0}} \right)$$

$$\text{ex } 2.866602\text{s} = \left(\frac{1}{0.42\text{s}^{-1}} \right) \cdot \ln \left(\frac{80\text{mol/m}^3}{24\text{mol/m}^3} \right)$$







Variables Used

- $[A]_0$ Initial Reactant Concentration using Intermediate (Mole per Cubic Meter)
- C_{A0} Initial Reactant Concentration for Multiple Rxns (Mole per Cubic Meter)
- C_{k0} Reactant Concentration for Zero Order Series Rxn (Mole per Cubic Meter)
- C_R Intermediate Concentration for Series Rxn (Mole per Cubic Meter)
- $C_{R,1st\ order}$ Intermediate Conc. for 1st Order Series Rxn (Mole per Cubic Meter)
- $C_{R,max}$ Maximum Intermediate Concentration (Mole per Cubic Meter)
- k_0 Rate Constant for Zero Order Rxn for Multiple Rxns (Mole per Cubic Meter Second)
- $k_{0,k1}$ Rate Constant for Zero Order Rxn using k_1 (Mole per Cubic Meter Second)
- k_1 Rate Constant for First Step First Order Reaction (1 Per Second)
- Δt Time Interval for Multiple Reactions (Second)
- $T_{R,max}$ Time at Maximum Intermediate Concentration (Second)






Constants, Functions, Measurements used

- **Function:** **exp**, $\exp(\text{Number})$
Exponential function
- **Function:** **ln**, $\ln(\text{Number})$
Natural logarithm function (base e)
- **Measurement:** **Time** in Second (s)
Time Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Molar Concentration** in Mole per Cubic Meter (mol/m^3)
Molar Concentration Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **Reaction Rate** in Mole per Cubic Meter Second ($\text{mol}/\text{m}^3\cdot\text{s}$)
Reaction Rate Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement:** **First Order Reaction Rate Constant** in 1 Per Second (s^{-1})
First Order Reaction Rate Constant Unit Conversion 



Check other formula lists

- [Basics of Potpourri Reactions Formulas](#) 
- [Zero Order followed by First Order Reaction Formulas](#) 
- [First Order followed by Zero Order Reaction Formulas](#) 

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