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# Electric Heating Formulas

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## List of 14 Electric Heating Formulas

### Electric Heating

### Dielectric Heating

#### 1) Capacitance Dielectric

$$\text{fx } C_d = \frac{\epsilon_r \cdot 8.85 \cdot 10^{-12} \cdot A}{4 \cdot \pi \cdot t_d}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(de95854c7ee024cfadc48187bbb781b2\_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 0.700144\mu\text{F} = \frac{3.14 \cdot 8.85 \cdot 10^{-12} \cdot 13\text{m}^2}{4 \cdot \pi \cdot 41.06\mu\text{m}}$$

#### 2) Dielectric Loss

$$\text{fx } P_1 = \frac{V^2}{2 \cdot X_c} \cdot \sin(2 \cdot \Phi)$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(6a9b39b98eb945faa14c645ec99e4eaa\_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 45.58028\text{VA} = \frac{(200\text{V})^2}{2 \cdot 380\Omega} \cdot \sin(2 \cdot 60^\circ)$$

#### 3) Loss Tangent

$$\text{fx } \tan \delta = \frac{X_c}{R}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(f1c5da15572e3e09d343161be98f508d\_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 36.89049^\circ = \frac{380\Omega}{590.19\Omega}$$



4) Net Resistance 

$$fx \quad R = \frac{X_c}{\tan \delta}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(cbe80b694ebd74fcfe136a095b608235\_img.jpg\)](#)

$$ex \quad 590.1978\Omega = \frac{380\Omega}{36.89^\circ}$$

5) Power Loss Density 

$$fx \quad P_d = f \cdot (\epsilon_r //) \cdot 8.85418782 \cdot 10^{-12} \cdot F^2$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(3e2231b1ad3ca8da8658228c00dd08e0\_img.jpg\)](#)

$$ex \quad 0.013813W/m^3 = 5MHz \cdot 0.78 \cdot 8.85418782 \cdot 10^{-12} \cdot (20V/m)^2$$

6) Thickness of Dielectric 

$$fx \quad t_d = \frac{\epsilon_r \cdot 8.85 \cdot 10^{-12} \cdot A}{4 \cdot \pi \cdot C_d}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(0d5ec72f61334709c3fc9450209b754f\_img.jpg\)](#)

$$ex \quad 41.06846\mu m = \frac{3.14 \cdot 8.85 \cdot 10^{-12} \cdot 13m^2}{4 \cdot \pi \cdot 0.70\mu F}$$

Furnace Heating 7) Energy Efficiency 

$$fx \quad \eta = \frac{E_t}{E_a}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(84f47badaad7772cd95667a7c387a639\_img.jpg\)](#)

$$ex \quad 0.521739 = \frac{1.2KJ}{2.3KJ}$$



## 8) Energy Required by Furnace to Melt Steel

$$fx \quad E = (m \cdot S_{\text{heat}} \cdot (T_2 - T_1)) + (m \cdot L_{\text{heat}})$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(e78f798d4ea5c530c9db49e7d26e6b95\_img.jpg\)](#)

ex

$$13.02476\text{KJ} = (35.98\text{kg} \cdot 138\text{J}/(\text{kg}\cdot\text{K}) \cdot (299\text{K} - 300\text{K})) + (35.98\text{kg} \cdot 0.5\text{KJ})$$

## 9) Equivalent Inductance of Furnace

$$fx \quad L = \frac{\pi \cdot 4 \cdot \pi \cdot 10^{-7} \cdot N_{\text{coil}}^2 \cdot D_{\text{melt}}^2}{4 \cdot H_{\text{melt}}}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(aa53ad6fea213b8b2226d3077e30533a\_img.jpg\)](#)

$$ex \quad 38.19537\mu\text{H} = \frac{\pi \cdot 4 \cdot \pi \cdot 10^{-7} \cdot (24)^2 \cdot (10.75\text{cm})^2}{4 \cdot 17.20\text{cm}}$$

## 10) Heat Conduction

$$fx \quad Q = \frac{k \cdot A_{\text{furnace}} \cdot T_{\text{total}} \cdot (T_1 - T_2)}{t_w}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(626ce8ac21792b9405bfddfea8e0c96a\_img.jpg\)](#)

$$ex \quad 1.097528\text{W} = \frac{11.09\text{W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K}) \cdot 20.5\text{cm}^2 \cdot 28\text{s} \cdot (300\text{K} - 299\text{K})}{58\text{cm}}$$

## 11) Heat Radiation

$$fx \quad H = 5.72 \cdot e \cdot K \cdot \left( \left( \frac{T_1}{100} \right)^4 - \left( \frac{T_2}{100} \right)^4 \right)$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(c1168d6a8b365d11e842ece304635fa7\_img.jpg\)](#)

$$ex \quad 3.356142\text{W}/\text{m}^2\cdot\text{K} = 5.72 \cdot 0.91 \cdot 0.6 \cdot \left( \left( \frac{300\text{K}}{100} \right)^4 - \left( \frac{299\text{K}}{100} \right)^4 \right)$$




12) Operating Frequency 

$$fx \quad f_{\text{furnace}} = \frac{\rho \cdot 10^9}{4 \cdot \pi^2 \cdot t_c^2 \cdot \mu_r}$$

Open Calculator 


$$ex \quad 2.845287\text{kHz} = \frac{113.59\mu\Omega \cdot \text{cm} \cdot 10^9}{4 \cdot \pi^2 \cdot (10.60\text{cm})^2 \cdot 0.9}$$

13) Specific Resistance using Operating Frequency 

$$fx \quad \rho = \frac{f_{\text{furnace}} \cdot 4 \cdot \pi^2 \cdot t_c^2 \cdot \mu_r}{10^9}$$

Open Calculator 

$$ex \quad 113.3789\mu\Omega \cdot \text{cm} = \frac{2.84\text{kHz} \cdot 4 \cdot \pi^2 \cdot (10.60\text{cm})^2 \cdot 0.9}{10^9}$$

14) Thickness of Cylinder 

$$fx \quad t_c = \frac{1}{2 \cdot \pi} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\rho \cdot 10^9}{\mu_r \cdot f_{\text{furnace}}}}$$

Open Calculator 

$$ex \quad 10.60986\text{cm} = \frac{1}{2 \cdot \pi} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{113.59\mu\Omega \cdot \text{cm} \cdot 10^9}{0.9 \cdot 2.84\text{kHz}}}$$



## Variables Used












- **A** Surface Area (Square Meter)
- **A<sub>furnace</sub>** Area of Furnace (Square Centimeter)
- **C<sub>d</sub>** Capacitance of Dielectric (Microfarad)
- **D<sub>melt</sub>** Diameter of Melt (Centimeter)
- **e** Emissivity
- **E** Energy (Kilojoule)
- **E<sub>a</sub>** Actual Energy (Kilojoule)
- **E<sub>t</sub>** Theoretical Energy (Kilojoule)
- **f** Frequency (Megahertz)
- **F** Electric Field Strength (Volt per Meter)
- **f<sub>furnace</sub>** Frequency of Induction Furnace (Kilohertz)
- **H** Heat Radiation (Watt per Square Meter per Kelvin)
- **H<sub>melt</sub>** Height of Melt (Centimeter)
- **k** Thermal Conductivity (Watt per Meter per K)
- **K** Radiating Efficiency
- **L** Inductance (Microhenry)
- **L<sub>heat</sub>** Latent Heat (Kilojoule)
- **m** Mass (Kilogram)
- **N<sub>coil</sub>** Number of Coil Turns
- **P<sub>d</sub>** Power Density (Watt Per Cubic Meter)
- **P<sub>l</sub>** Power Loss (Volt Ampere)
- **Q** Heat Conduction (Watt)
- **R** Resistance (Ohm)
- **S<sub>heat</sub>** Specific Heat (Joule per Kilogram per K)



- $T_1$  Temperature of Wall 1 (Kelvin)
- $T_2$  Temperature of Wall 2 (Kelvin)
- $t_c$  Thickness of Cylinder (Centimeter)
- $t_d$  Thickness of Dielectric (Micrometer)
- $T_{total}$  Total Time (Second)
- $t_w$  Thickness of Wall (Centimeter)
- $\tan \delta$  Loss Tangent (Degree)
- $V$  Voltage (Volt)
- $X_c$  Capacitive Reactance (Ohm)
- $\epsilon_r$  Relative Permittivity
- $\epsilon_r''$  Complex Relative Permittivity
- $\eta$  Energy Efficiency
- $\mu_r$  Relative Permeability
- $\rho$  Specific Resistance (Microhm Centimeter)
- $\Phi$  Phase Difference (Degree)











## Constants, Functions, Measurements used

- **Constant:** **pi**, 3.14159265358979323846264338327950288  
*Archimedes' constant*
- **Function:** **sin**, sin(Angle)  
*Trigonometric sine function*
- **Function:** **sqrt**, sqrt(Number)  
*Square root function*
- **Measurement:** **Length** in Micrometer ( $\mu\text{m}$ ), Centimeter (cm)  
*Length Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement:** **Weight** in Kilogram (kg)  
*Weight Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement:** **Time** in Second (s)  
*Time Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement:** **Temperature** in Kelvin (K)  
*Temperature Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement:** **Area** in Square Meter ( $\text{m}^2$ ), Square Centimeter ( $\text{cm}^2$ )  
*Area Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement:** **Energy** in Kilojoule (KJ)  
*Energy Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement:** **Power** in Volt Ampere (VA), Watt (W)  
*Power Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement:** **Angle** in Degree ( $^\circ$ )  
*Angle Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement:** **Frequency** in Megahertz (MHz), Kilohertz (kHz)  
*Frequency Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement:** **Capacitance** in Microfarad ( $\mu\text{F}$ )  
*Capacitance Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement:** **Electric Resistance** in Ohm ( $\Omega$ )  
*Electric Resistance Unit Conversion* 





- **Measurement: Inductance** in Microhenry ( $\mu\text{H}$ )  
*Inductance Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement: Electric Field Strength** in Volt per Meter ( $\text{V/m}$ )  
*Electric Field Strength Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement: Thermal Conductivity** in Watt per Meter per K ( $\text{W}/(\text{m}^*\text{K})$ )  
*Thermal Conductivity Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement: Electric Potential** in Volt (V)  
*Electric Potential Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement: Electric Resistivity** in Microhm Centimeter ( $\mu\Omega*\text{cm}$ )  
*Electric Resistivity Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement: Specific Heat Capacity** in Joule per Kilogram per K ( $\text{J}/(\text{kg}*\text{K})$ )  
*Specific Heat Capacity Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement: Heat Transfer Coefficient** in Watt per Square Meter per Kelvin ( $\text{W}/\text{m}^2*\text{K}$ )  
*Heat Transfer Coefficient Unit Conversion* 
- **Measurement: Power Density** in Watt Per Cubic Meter ( $\text{W}/\text{m}^3$ )  
*Power Density Unit Conversion* 



## Check other formula lists

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