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Liquid Jet Formulas

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List of 12 Liquid Jet Formulas

Liquid Jet ↗

1) Angle of Jet given Maximum Vertical Elevation ↗

fx $\Theta = a \sin\left(\sqrt{\frac{H \cdot 2 \cdot g}{V_o^2}}\right)$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

ex $24.4997^\circ = a \sin\left(\sqrt{\frac{23m \cdot 2 \cdot 9.8m/s^2}{(51.2m/s)^2}}\right)$

2) Angle of Jet given Time of Flight of Liquid Jet ↗

fx $\Theta = a \sin\left(T \cdot \frac{g}{2 \cdot V_o}\right)$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

ex $25.50971^\circ = a \sin\left(4.5s \cdot \frac{9.8m/s^2}{2 \cdot 51.2m/s}\right)$

3) Angle of Jet given Time to Reach Highest Point ↗

fx $\Theta = a \sin\left(T \cdot \frac{g}{V_o}\right)$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

ex $59.46603^\circ = a \sin\left(4.5s \cdot \frac{9.8m/s^2}{51.2m/s}\right)$



4) Friction Velocity ↗

fx $V_f = V \cdot \sqrt{\frac{f}{8}}$

Open Calculator ↗

ex $9.899343\text{m/s} = 17.2\text{m/s} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2.65}{8}}$

5) Horizontal Range of Jet ↗

fx $L = V_o^2 \cdot \frac{\sin(2 \cdot \Theta)}{g}$

Open Calculator ↗

ex $267.4939\text{m} = (51.2\text{m/s})^2 \cdot \frac{\sin(2 \cdot 45^\circ)}{9.8\text{m/s}^2}$

6) Initial Velocity given Time of Flight of Liquid Jet ↗

fx $V_o = T \cdot \frac{g}{\sin(\Theta)}$

Open Calculator ↗

ex $62.36682\text{m/s} = 4.5\text{s} \cdot \frac{9.8\text{m/s}^2}{\sin(45^\circ)}$

7) Initial Velocity given Time to Reach Highest Point of Liquid ↗

fx $V_o = T' \cdot \frac{g}{\sin(\Theta)}$

Open Calculator ↗

ex $207.8894\text{m/s} = 15\text{s} \cdot \frac{9.8\text{m/s}^2}{\sin(45^\circ)}$



8) Initial Velocity of Liquid Jet given Maximum Vertical Elevation ↗

fx $V_o = \sqrt{H \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{g}{\sin(\Theta) \cdot \sin(\Theta)}}$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

ex $30.02665 \text{ m/s} = \sqrt{23 \text{ m} \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{9.8 \text{ m/s}^2}{\sin(45^\circ) \cdot \sin(45^\circ)}}$

9) Maximum Vertical Elevation of Jet Profile ↗

fx $H = \frac{V_o^2 \cdot \sin(\Theta) \cdot \sin(\Theta)}{2 \cdot g}$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

ex $66.87347 \text{ m} = \frac{(51.2 \text{ m/s})^2 \cdot \sin(45^\circ) \cdot \sin(45^\circ)}{2 \cdot 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2}$

10) Mean Velocity given Frictional Velocity ↗

fx $V = \frac{V_f}{\sqrt{\frac{f}{8}}}$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)

ex $10.42493 \text{ m/s} = \frac{6 \text{ m/s}}{\sqrt{\frac{2.65}{8}}}$



11) Time of Flight of Jet ↗

fx $T = \frac{2 \cdot V_o \cdot \sin(\Theta)}{g}$

Open Calculator ↗

ex $7.388544s = \frac{2 \cdot 51.2m/s \cdot \sin(45^\circ)}{9.8m/s^2}$

12) Variation of y with x in Free Liquid Jet ↗

fx $y = x \cdot \tan(\Theta) - \frac{g \cdot x^2 \cdot \sec(\Theta)}{2 \cdot V_o^2}$

Open Calculator ↗

ex $0.199894m = 0.2m \cdot \tan(45^\circ) - \frac{9.8m/s^2 \cdot (0.2m)^2 \cdot \sec(45^\circ)}{2 \cdot (51.2m/s)^2}$



Variables Used

- **f** Friction Factor
- **g** Acceleration due to Gravity (*Meter per Square Second*)
- **H** Maximum Vertical Elevation (*Meter*)
- **L** Range (*Meter*)
- **T** Time of Flight (*Second*)
- **T'** Time to Reach Highest Point (*Second*)
- **V** Mean Velocity (*Meter per Second*)
- **V_f** Friction Velocity (*Meter per Second*)
- **V_o** Initial Velocity of Liquid Jet (*Meter per Second*)
- **x** Length x (*Meter*)
- **y** Length y (*Meter*)
- **Θ** Angle of Liquid Jet (*Degree*)



Constants, Functions, Measurements used

- **Function:** **asin**, asin(Number)

The inverse sine function, is a trigonometric function that takes a ratio of two sides of a right triangle and outputs the angle opposite the side with the given ratio.

- **Function:** **sec**, sec(Angle)

Secant is a trigonometric function that is defined ratio of the hypotenuse to the shorter side adjacent to an acute angle (in a right-angled triangle); the reciprocal of a cosine.

- **Function:** **sin**, sin(Angle)

Sine is a trigonometric function that describes the ratio of the length of the opposite side of a right triangle to the length of the hypotenuse.

- **Function:** **sqrt**, sqrt(Number)

A square root function is a function that takes a non-negative number as an input and returns the square root of the given input number.

- **Function:** **tan**, tan(Angle)

The tangent of an angle is a trigonometric ratio of the length of the side opposite an angle to the length of the side adjacent to an angle in a right triangle.

- **Measurement:** **Length** in Meter (m)

Length Unit Conversion 

- **Measurement:** **Time** in Second (s)

Time Unit Conversion 

- **Measurement:** **Speed** in Meter per Second (m/s)

Speed Unit Conversion 

- **Measurement:** **Acceleration** in Meter per Square Second (m/s²)

Acceleration Unit Conversion 



- **Measurement:** Angle in Degree ($^{\circ}$)

Angle Unit Conversion ↗



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