

## Stresses Due to External Loads Formulas

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## List of 19 Stresses Due to External Loads Formulas

## Stresses Due to External Loads

1) Average Load on Pipe due to Wheel Load
$f \mathrm{x} \mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{avg}}=\frac{\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{e}} \cdot \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t}} \cdot \mathrm{P}_{\text {wheel }}}{\mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{eff}}}$
ex $40.95 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}=\frac{2.73 \cdot 10.00 \cdot 75.375 \mathrm{~N}}{50.25 \mathrm{~m}}$
2) Compressive End Fiber Stress at Horizontal Diameter
$f x S=\left(\frac{3 \cdot \mathrm{w}^{\prime} \cdot \mathrm{d}_{\mathrm{cm}}}{8 \cdot \mathrm{t}_{\text {pipe }}^{2}}+\frac{\mathrm{w}^{\prime}}{2 \cdot \mathrm{t}_{\text {pipe }}}\right)$
ex $20.67888 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}^{2}=\left(\frac{3 \cdot 24 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m} \cdot 0.90 \mathrm{~m}}{8 \cdot(0.98 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}+\frac{24 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}}{2 \cdot 0.98 \mathrm{~m}}\right)$
3) Concentrated Wheel Load given Average Load on Pipe
$f x P_{\text {wheel }}=\frac{W_{\text {avg }} \cdot L_{\text {eff }}}{I_{e} \cdot C_{t}}$
ex $75.375 \mathrm{~N}=\frac{40.95 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot 50.25 \mathrm{~m}}{2.73 \cdot 10.00}$
4) Constant which depend upon type of Soil for Load per meter Length of Pipe
$f \mathrm{fx} \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}}=\frac{\mathrm{w}^{\prime}}{\mathrm{Y}_{\mathrm{F}} \cdot(\mathrm{B})^{2}}$
ex $1.333333=\frac{24 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}}{2000 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} \cdot(3 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}$
5) Diameter of Pipe for Maximum End Fiber Stress
$\mathbf{f x} D_{\text {pipe }}=\frac{S}{\frac{3 \cdot \mathrm{w}^{\prime \prime}}{8 \cdot \mathrm{t}_{\text {pipe }}^{2}}}$
ex $0.910116 \mathrm{~m}=\frac{20.0 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}^{2}}{\frac{3 \cdot 56.28 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}}{8 \cdot(0.98 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}}$
6) Diameter of Pipe given Compressive End Fiber Stress
$f x D_{\text {pipe }}=\left(S-\frac{w^{\prime}}{2 \cdot t_{\text {pipe }}}\right) \cdot\left(\frac{8 \cdot \mathrm{t}_{\text {pipe }}^{2}}{3 \cdot \mathrm{w}^{\prime}}\right)$
ex $0.827556 \mathrm{~m}=\left(20.0 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}^{2}-\frac{24 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}}{2 \cdot 0.98 \mathrm{~m}}\right) \cdot\left(\frac{8 \cdot(0.98 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{3 \cdot 24 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}}\right)$
7) Diameter of Pipe given Tensile End Fiber Stress
$f \times D_{\text {pipe }}=\left(S+\frac{w^{\prime}}{2 \cdot t_{\text {pipe }}}\right) \cdot\left(\frac{8 \cdot \mathrm{t}_{\text {pipe }}^{2}}{3 \cdot \mathrm{w}^{\prime}}\right)$
ex $3.440889 \mathrm{~m}=\left(20.0 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}^{2}+\frac{24 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}}{2 \cdot 0.98 \mathrm{~m}}\right) \cdot\left(\frac{8 \cdot(0.98 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}{3 \cdot 24 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}}\right)$
8) Effective Length of Pipe using Average Load on Pipe
$f \times L_{\text {eff }}=\frac{I_{e} \cdot C_{t} \cdot P_{\text {wheel }}}{W_{\text {avg }}}$
ex $50.25 \mathrm{~m}=\frac{2.73 \cdot 10.00 \cdot 75.375 \mathrm{~N}}{40.95 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}}$
9) Impact Factor using Average Load on Pipe
$f x I_{e}=\frac{W_{\text {avg }} \cdot L_{\text {eff }}}{\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t}} \cdot \mathrm{P}_{\text {wheel }}}$
ex $2.73=\frac{40.95 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot 50.25 \mathrm{~m}}{10.00 \cdot 75.375 \mathrm{~N}}$
10) Load Coefficient using Average Load on Pipe
$\mathrm{fx}_{\mathrm{x}} \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t}}=\frac{\mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{avg}} \cdot \mathrm{L}_{\mathrm{eff}}}{\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{e}} \cdot \mathrm{P}_{\text {wheel }}}$
ex $10=\frac{40.95 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m} \cdot 50.25 \mathrm{~m}}{2.73 \cdot 75.375 \mathrm{~N}}$
11) Load per Meter Length of Pipe
$f \mathrm{x} \mathrm{w}^{\prime}=\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}} \cdot \mathrm{Y}_{\mathrm{F}} \cdot(\mathrm{B})^{2}$
ex $23.94 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}=1.33 \cdot 2000 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3} \cdot(3 \mathrm{~m})^{2}$
12) Load per Meter Length of Pipe for Compressive End Fiber Stress
$f \mathbf{x} \mathrm{w}^{\prime}=\frac{\mathrm{S}}{\frac{3 \cdot \mathrm{D}_{\text {pipe }}}{8 \cdot \mathrm{t}_{\text {pipe }}^{2}}+\frac{1}{2 \cdot \mathrm{t}_{\text {pipe }}}}$
ex $23.10737 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}=\frac{20.0 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}^{2}}{\frac{3 \cdot 0.91 \mathrm{~m}}{8 \cdot(0.98 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}+\frac{1}{2 \cdot 0.98 \mathrm{~m}}}$
13) Load per Meter Length of Pipe for Maximum End Fiber Stress
$f \mathbf{x x} \mathrm{w}^{\prime \prime}=\frac{\mathrm{S}}{\frac{3 \cdot \mathrm{D}_{\text {pipe }}}{8 \cdot t_{\text {pipe }}^{2}}}$
ex $56.28718 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}=\frac{20.0 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}^{2}}{\frac{3 \cdot 0.91 \mathrm{~m}}{8 \cdot(0.98 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}}$
14) Maximum End Fiber Stress on Horizontal Point
$f \mathrm{x}=\frac{3 \cdot \mathrm{w}^{\prime} \cdot \mathrm{D}_{\text {pipe }}}{8 \cdot \mathrm{t}_{\text {pipe }}^{2}}$
ex $8.527697 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}^{2}=\frac{3 \cdot 24 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m} \cdot 0.91 \mathrm{~m}}{8 \cdot(0.98 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}$
15) Thickness of Pipe given Maximum End Fiber Stress
$\mathrm{fx}_{\mathrm{t}}^{\mathrm{pipe}} \mathrm{=} \sqrt{\frac{3 \cdot \mathrm{w}^{\prime} \cdot \mathrm{D}_{\text {pipe }}}{8 \cdot \mathrm{~S}}}$
ex $0.639922 \mathrm{~m}=\sqrt{\frac{3 \cdot 24 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m} \cdot 0.91 \mathrm{~m}}{8 \cdot 20.0 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}^{2}}}$
16) Total Tension in Pipe using Water Pressure
$f \mathrm{f} \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{mn}}=\left(\mathrm{P}_{\text {water }} \cdot \mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{cs}}\right)+\left(\frac{\gamma_{\text {water }} \cdot \mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{cs}} \cdot\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{w}}\right)^{2}}{\mathrm{~g}}\right)$
$\operatorname{ex} 2.36121 \mathrm{MN}=\left(5.5 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}^{2} \cdot 13 \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right)+\left(\frac{9.81 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}^{3} \cdot 13 \mathrm{~m}^{2} \cdot(13.47 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s})^{2}}{9.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}}\right)$
17) Total Tension in Pipe with known Head of Water
$f \mathrm{fx} \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{mn}}=\left(\left(\gamma_{\mathrm{w}} \cdot \mathrm{H}\right) \cdot \mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{cs}}\right)+\left(\frac{\gamma_{\mathrm{w}} \cdot \mathrm{A}_{\mathrm{cs}} \cdot\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{w}}\right)^{2}}{\mathrm{~g}}\right)$
ex
$4.274089 \mathrm{MN}=\left(\left(9810 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}^{3} \cdot 15 \mathrm{~m}\right) \cdot 13 \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right)+\left(\frac{9810 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{m}^{3} \cdot 13 \mathrm{~m}^{2} \cdot(13.47 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s})^{2}}{9.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}}\right)$
18) Unit Weight of Backfill Material for Load per Meter Length of Pipe
$f \mathrm{fx} \mathrm{Y}_{\mathrm{F}}=\frac{\mathrm{w}^{\prime}}{\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}} \cdot(\mathrm{B})^{2}}$
ex $2005.013 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}=\frac{24 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}}{1.33 \cdot(3 \mathrm{~m})^{2}}$
19) Width of Trench for Load per Meter Length of Pipe
$\mathrm{fx} B=\sqrt{\frac{\mathrm{w}^{\prime}}{\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{s}} \cdot \mathrm{Y}_{\mathrm{F}}}}$
ex $3.003757 \mathrm{~m}=\sqrt{\frac{24 \mathrm{kN} / \mathrm{m}}{1.33 \cdot 2000 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}}}$

## Variables Used

- $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{c s}}$ Cross-Sectional Area (Square Meter)
- B Width of Trench (Meter)
- $\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{s}}$ Coefficient Dependent on Soil in Environmental
- $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{t}}$ Load Coefficient
- $\mathbf{d}_{\mathbf{c m}}$ Diameter of Pipe in Centimeter (Meter)
- $\mathbf{D}_{\text {pipe }}$ Diameter of Pipe (Meter)
- g Acceleration due to Gravity in Environment (Meter per Square Second)
- H Head of the Liquid (Meter)
- Ie Impact Factor
- Leff Effective Length of Pipe (Meter)
- $\mathbf{P}_{\text {water }}$ Water Pressure (Newton per Square Meter)
- $\mathbf{P}_{\text {wheel }}$ Concentrated Wheel Load (Newton)
- S Extreme Fiber Stress (Kilonewton per Square Meter)
- $\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{m n}}$ Total Tension of Pipe in MN (Meganewton)
- $\mathbf{t}_{\text {pipe }}$ Thickness of Pipe (Meter)
- $\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{w}}$ Flow Velocity of Fluid (Meter per Second)
- $\mathbf{W}_{\text {avg }}$ Average Load on Pipe in Newton per Meter (Newton per Meter)
- w' Load on Buried Pipe per Unit Length (Kilonewton per Meter)
- w" Load per Meter Length of Pipe (Kilonewton per Meter)
- $Y_{F}$ Unit Weight of Fill (Kilogram per Cubic Meter)
- $Y_{\mathbf{w}}$ Unit Weight of Liquid (Newton per Cubic Meter)
- Ywater Unit Weight of Water in KN per Cubic Meter (Kilonewton per Cubic Meter)


## Constants, Functions, Measurements used

- Function: sqrt, sqrt(Number)

A square root function is a function that takes a non-negative number as an input and returns the square root of the given input number.

- Measurement: Length in Meter (m)

Length Unit Conversion

- Measurement: Area in Square Meter ( $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ )

Area Unit Conversion

- Measurement: Pressure in Newton per Square Meter ( $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ )

Pressure Unit Conversion

- Measurement: Speed in Meter per Second (m/s)

Speed Unit Conversion

- Measurement: Acceleration in Meter per Square Second (m/s²)

Acceleration Unit Conversion

- Measurement: Force in Newton (N), Meganewton (MN)

Force Unit Conversion

- Measurement: Surface Tension in Newton per Meter (N/m), Kilonewton per Meter (kN/m)
Surface Tension Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Density in Kilogram per Cubic Meter (kg/m³)

Density Unit Conversion

- Measurement: Specific Weight in Kilonewton per Cubic Meter (kN/m³), Newton per Cubic Meter ( $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ )
Specific Weight Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Stress in Kilonewton per Square Meter (kN/m²)

Stress Unit Conversion

## Check other formula lists

- Internal Water Pressure Formulas - Stresses Due to External Loads
- Stresses at Bends Formulas Formulas

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