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Estimating Marine and Coastal Winds Formulas

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List of 28 Estimating Marine and Coastal Winds Formulas

Estimating Marine and Coastal Winds

Measured Wind Directions

1) Ambient Pressure at Periphery of Storm

$$\text{fx } p_n = \left(\frac{p - p_c}{\exp\left(-\frac{A}{r^B}\right)} \right) + p_c$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(de95854c7ee024cfadc48187bbb781b2_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 975\text{mbar} = \left(\frac{975\text{mbar} - 965\text{mbar}}{\exp\left(-\frac{50\text{m}}{(48\text{m})^5}\right)} \right) + 965\text{mbar}$$


2) Characteristic Wave Height given Dimensionless Wave Height

$$\text{fx } H = \frac{H' \cdot V_f^2}{[g]}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(6a9b39b98eb945faa14c645ec99e4eaa_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 110.1294\text{m} = \frac{30 \cdot (6\text{m/s})^2}{[g]}$$



3) Cyclostrophic Approximation to Wind Speed Open Calculator 

$$fx \quad U_c = \left(A \cdot B \cdot (p_n - p_c) \cdot \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{A}{r^B}\right)}{\rho \cdot r^B} \right)^{0.5}$$

ex

$$0.027408 = \left(50\text{m} \cdot 5 \cdot (974.90\text{mbar} - 965\text{mbar}) \cdot \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{50\text{m}}{(48\text{m})^5}\right)}{1.293\text{kg/m}^3 \cdot (48\text{m})^5} \right)^{0.5}$$

4) Dimensionless Fetch Open Calculator 

$$fx \quad X' = \left([g] \cdot \frac{X}{V_f^2} \right)$$

$$ex \quad 4.086104 = \left([g] \cdot \frac{15\text{m}}{(6\text{m/s})^2} \right)$$

5) Dimensionless Fetch given Fetch-limited Dimensionless Wave Height Open Calculator 

$$fx \quad X' = \left(\frac{H'}{\lambda} \right)^{\frac{1}{mI}}$$

$$ex \quad 4.330127 = \left(\frac{30}{1.6} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$




6) Dimensionless Wave Frequency 

$$fx \quad f'_p = \frac{V_f \cdot f_p}{[g]}$$

Open Calculator 

$$ex \quad 7.953786 = \frac{6\text{m/s} \cdot 13\text{Hz}}{[g]}$$

7) Dimensionless Wave Height 

$$fx \quad H' = \frac{[g] \cdot H}{V_f^2}$$

Open Calculator 

$$ex \quad 29.96476 = \frac{[g] \cdot 110\text{m}}{(6\text{m/s})^2}$$

8) Direction in Cartesian Coordinate System 

$$fx \quad \theta_{\text{vec}} = 270 - \theta_{\text{met}}$$

Open Calculator 

$$ex \quad 180 = 270 - 90$$

9) Direction in Standard Meteorological Terms 

$$fx \quad \theta_{\text{met}} = 270 - \theta_{\text{vec}}$$

Open Calculator 

$$ex \quad 90 = 270 - 180$$



10) Distance from Center of Storm Circulation to Location of Maximum Wind Speed

$$\text{fx } R_{\max} = A^{\frac{1}{B}}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(e2376d476d06eb31946dc01a69a4403a_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 2.186724\text{m} = (50\text{m})^{\frac{1}{5}}$$

11) Fetch-Limited Dimensionless Wave Height

$$\text{fx } H' = \lambda \cdot (X'^{\text{m1}})$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(0b5e7e25e8775f7e7e80906ada4f0021_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 29.584 = 1.6 \cdot ((4.3)^2)$$

12) Frequency of Spectral Peak for Dimensionless Wave Frequency

$$\text{fx } f_p = \frac{f'_p \cdot [g]}{V_f}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(bd3b31712ad9bab5a241210fa6925cdd_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 13.07553\text{Hz} = \frac{8 \cdot [g]}{6\text{m/s}}$$

13) Friction Velocity for Dimensionless Wave Frequency

$$\text{fx } V_f = \frac{f'_p \cdot [g]}{f_p}$$

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(7bc43b319a082987e20f7bf78f4bab80_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{ex } 6.034862\text{m/s} = \frac{8 \cdot [g]}{13\text{Hz}}$$



14) Friction Velocity given Dimensionless Fetch [Open Calculator !\[\]\(eafc244b53721dd1ec133f0772f70fc7_img.jpg\)](#)

$$fx \quad V_f = \sqrt{[g] \cdot \frac{X}{X'}}$$

$$ex \quad 5.848867\text{m/s} = \sqrt{[g] \cdot \frac{15\text{m}}{4.3}}$$

15) Friction Velocity given Dimensionless Wave Height [Open Calculator !\[\]\(10f8862fc183b400327470ea85afe9ae_img.jpg\)](#)

$$fx \quad V_f = \sqrt{\frac{[g] \cdot H}{H'}}$$

$$ex \quad 5.996475\text{m/s} = \sqrt{\frac{[g] \cdot 110\text{m}}{30}}$$

16) Fully Developed Wave Height [Open Calculator !\[\]\(35dc653d59570f8f891c312eeece91a2_img.jpg\)](#)

$$fx \quad H_\infty = \frac{\lambda \cdot U^2}{[g]}$$

$$ex \quad 2.610474\text{m} = \frac{1.6 \cdot (4\text{m/s})^2}{[g]}$$

17) Maximum Velocity in Storm [Open Calculator !\[\]\(b538fe54c1f3a7343e37e85cc2d00497_img.jpg\)](#)

$$fx \quad V_{Max} = \left(\frac{B}{\rho} \cdot e \right)^{0.5} \cdot (p_n - p_c)^{0.5}$$

$$ex \quad 102.0118\text{m/s} = \left(\frac{5}{1.293\text{kg/m}^3} \cdot e \right)^{0.5} \cdot (974.90\text{mbar} - 965\text{mbar})^{0.5}$$




18) Pressure Profile in Hurricane Winds 

$$fx \quad p = p_c + (p_n - p_c) \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{A}{r^B}\right)$$

Open Calculator 

$$ex \quad 974.9\text{mbar} = 965\text{mbar} + (974.90\text{mbar} - 965\text{mbar}) \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{50\text{m}}{(48\text{m})^5}\right)$$

19) Wind Speed given Fully Developed Wave Height 

$$fx \quad U = \sqrt{H_\infty \cdot \frac{[g]}{\lambda}}$$

Open Calculator 

$$ex \quad 3.991968\text{m/s} = \sqrt{2.6\text{m} \cdot \frac{[g]}{1.6}}$$

Wave Hindcasting and Forecasting 20) Drag Coefficient for Wind Speed at 10m Elevation 

$$fx \quad C_D = 0.001 \cdot (1.1 + (0.035 \cdot V_{10}))$$

Open Calculator 

$$ex \quad 0.00187 = 0.001 \cdot (1.1 + (0.035 \cdot 22\text{m/s}))$$


21) Limiting Wave Period 

$$fx \quad T_p = 9.78 \cdot \left(\left(\frac{D_w}{[g]}\right)^{0.5}\right)$$

Open Calculator 

$$ex \quad 20.95004\text{s} = 9.78 \cdot \left(\left(\frac{45\text{m}}{[g]}\right)^{0.5}\right)$$




22) Spectral Energy Density 

$$\text{fx } E_{(f)} = \frac{\lambda \cdot ([g]^2) \cdot (f^{-5})}{(2 \cdot \pi)^4}$$

Open Calculator 

$$\text{ex } 0.003085 = \frac{1.6 \cdot ([g]^2) \cdot ((2)^{-5})}{(2 \cdot \pi)^4}$$


23) Spectral Energy Density or Classical Moskowitz Spectrum 

fx

$$E_{(f)} = \left(\frac{\lambda \cdot ([g]^2) \cdot (f^{-5})}{(2 \cdot \pi)^4} \right) \cdot \exp \left(0.74 \cdot \left(\frac{f}{f_u} \right)^{-4} \right)$$

Open Calculator 

$$\text{ex } 0.003085 = \left(\frac{1.6 \cdot ([g]^2) \cdot ((2)^{-5})}{(2 \cdot \pi)^4} \right) \cdot \exp \left(0.74 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{0.0001} \right)^{-4} \right)$$


24) Straight-Line Distance given Time required for Waves Crossing Fetch under Wind Velocity 

$$\text{fx } X = \left(\frac{t_{x,u} \cdot U^{0.34} \cdot [g]^{0.33}}{77.23} \right)^{\frac{1}{0.67}}$$

Open Calculator 

$$\text{ex } 15.11712\text{m} = \left(\frac{140\text{s} \cdot (4\text{m/s})^{0.34} \cdot [g]^{0.33}}{77.23} \right)^{\frac{1}{0.67}}$$




25) Straight-Line Distance over which Wind Blows 

$$\text{fx } X = \left(\frac{V_f^2}{[g]} \right) \cdot 5.23 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot \left([g] \cdot \frac{t}{V_f} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

Open Calculator 


$$\text{ex } 14.99991\text{m} = \left(\frac{(6\text{m/s})^2}{[g]} \right) \cdot 5.23 \cdot 10^{-3} \cdot \left([g] \cdot \frac{51.9\text{s}}{6\text{m/s}} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

26) Time required for Waves Crossing Fetch under Wind Velocity to become Fetch Limited 

$$\text{fx } t_{x,u} = 77.23 \cdot \left(\frac{X^{0.67}}{U^{0.34} \cdot [g]^{0.33}} \right)$$

Open Calculator 

$$\text{ex } 139.2724\text{s} = 77.23 \cdot \left(\frac{(15\text{m})^{0.67}}{(4\text{m/s})^{0.34} \cdot [g]^{0.33}} \right)$$

27) Water Depth for given Limiting Wave Period 

$$\text{fx } D_w = [g] \cdot \left(\frac{T_p}{9.78} \right)^{\frac{1}{0.5}}$$

Open Calculator 

$$\text{ex } 45.2149\text{m} = [g] \cdot \left(\frac{21\text{s}}{9.78} \right)^{\frac{1}{0.5}}$$



28) Wind Speed given Time required for Waves crossing Fetch under Wind Velocity

[Open Calculator !\[\]\(99f58673407353e96a019fbca558fd72_img.jpg\)](#)

$$\text{fx } U = \left(\frac{77.23 \cdot X^{0.67}}{t_{x,u} \cdot [g]^{0.33}} \right)^{\frac{1}{0.34}}$$

$$\text{ex } 3.939162\text{m/s} = \left(\frac{77.23 \cdot (15\text{m})^{0.67}}{140\text{s} \cdot [g]^{0.33}} \right)^{\frac{1}{0.34}}$$



Variables Used







- **A** Scaling Parameter (*Meter*)
- **B** Parameter Controlling Peakedness
- **C_D** Drag Coefficient
- **D_w** Water Depth from Bed (*Meter*)
- **E_(f)** Spectral Energy Density
- **f** Coriolis Frequency
- **f_p** Frequency at Spectral Peak (*Hertz*)
- **f'_p** Dimensionless Wave Frequency
- **f_u** Limiting Frequency
- **H** Characteristic Wave Height (*Meter*)
- **H'** Dimensionless Wave Height
- **H_∞** Fully Developed Wave Height (*Meter*)
- **m1** Dimensionless Exponent
- **p** Pressure at Radius (*Millibar*)
- **p_c** Central Pressure in Storm (*Millibar*)
- **p_n** Ambient Pressure at Periphery of Storm (*Millibar*)
- **r** Arbitrary Radius (*Meter*)
- **R_{max}** Distance from Center of Storm Circulation (*Meter*)
- **t** Wind Duration (*Second*)
- **T_p** Limiting Wave Period (*Second*)
- **t_{x,u}** Time required for Waves crossing Fetch (*Second*)
- **U** Wind Speed (*Meter per Second*)
- **U_c** Cyclostrophic Approximation to Wind Speed



- V_{10} Wind Speed at Height of 10 m (Meter per Second)
- V_f Friction Velocity (Meter per Second)
- V_{Max} Maximum Velocity of Wind (Meter per Second)
- X Straight Line Distance over which Wind Blows (Meter)
- X' Dimensionless Fetch
- θ_{met} Direction in Standard Meteorological Terms
- θ_{vec} Direction in Cartesian Coordinate system
- λ Dimensionless Constant
- ρ Density of Air (Kilogram per Cubic Meter)













Constants, Functions, Measurements used

- **Constant: π** , 3.14159265358979323846264338327950288
Archimedes' constant
- **Constant: [g]**, 9.80665
Gravitational acceleration on Earth
- **Constant: e**, 2.71828182845904523536028747135266249
Napier's constant
- **Function: exp**, exp(Number)
n an exponential function, the value of the function changes by a constant factor for every unit change in the independent variable.
- **Function: sqrt**, sqrt(Number)
A square root function is a function that takes a non-negative number as an input and returns the square root of the given input number.
- **Measurement: Length** in Meter (m)
Length Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Time** in Second (s)
Time Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Pressure** in Millibar (mbar)
Pressure Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Speed** in Meter per Second (m/s)
Speed Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Frequency** in Hertz (Hz)
Frequency Unit Conversion 
- **Measurement: Density** in Kilogram per Cubic Meter (kg/m³)
Density Unit Conversion 



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