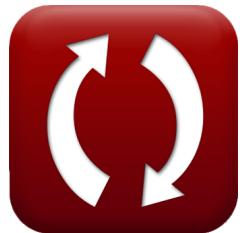




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# Acidity and pH Scale Formulas

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## List of 14 Acidity and pH Scale Formulas

### Acidity and pH Scale ↗

#### 1) Activity of Hydrogen Ion given pH ↗

fx  $aH^+ = 10^{-pH}$

Open Calculator ↗

ex  $1E^{-9} \text{ mol/L} = 10^{-6}$

#### 2) Concentration of Hydrogen Ion given pH ↗

fx  $H^+ = 10^{-pH}$

Open Calculator ↗

ex  $1E^{-6} \text{ mol/L} = 10^{-6}$

#### 3) Concentration of Hydroxyl Ion given pOH ↗

fx  $OH^- = 10^{-pOH}$

Open Calculator ↗

ex  $1E^{-8} \text{ mol/L} = 10^{-8}$

#### 4) Dissociation Constant of Weak Acid given pKa ↗

fx  $K_a = 10^{-pK_a}$

Open Calculator ↗

ex  $1E^{-5} = 10^{-5}$



**5) Dissociation Constant of Weak Base given pK<sub>b</sub>** ↗

**fx**  $K_b = 10^{-pK_b}$

**Open Calculator ↗**

**ex**  $1E^{-10} = 10^{-10}$

**6) pH given Activity of Hydrogen Ion** ↗

**fx**  $pH = -\log 10(aH^+)$

**Open Calculator ↗**

**ex**  $6 = -\log 10(1E^{-9}\text{mol/L})$

**7) pH given Concentration of Hydrogen Ion** ↗

**fx**  $pH = -\log 10(H^+)$

**Open Calculator ↗**

**ex**  $6 = -\log 10(1E^{-6}\text{mol/L})$

**8) pH of Mixture of Strong Acid and Strong Base when Solution is Acidic in Nature** ↗

**fx**  $pH = -\log 10\left(\frac{N_1 \cdot V_1 - N_2 \cdot V_2}{V_1 + V_2}\right)$

**Open Calculator ↗****ex**

$$3.367977 = -\log 10\left(\frac{0.0008\text{Eq/L} \cdot 0.00025\text{L} - 0.0005\text{Eq/L} \cdot 0.0001\text{L}}{0.00025\text{L} + 0.0001\text{L}}\right)$$



9) pH of Mixture of Two Strong Acids 

**fx**  $pH = -\log_{10} \left( \frac{N_1 \cdot V_1 + N_2 \cdot V_2}{V_1 + V_2} \right)$

**Open Calculator ****ex**

$$3.146128 = -\log_{10} \left( \frac{0.0008\text{Eq/L} \cdot 0.00025\text{L} + 0.0005\text{Eq/L} \cdot 0.0001\text{L}}{0.00025\text{L} + 0.0001\text{L}} \right)$$

10) pKa given Dissociation Constant of Weak Acid 

**fx**  $pK_a = -\log_{10}(K_a)$

**Open Calculator **

**ex**  $5 = -\log_{10}(1E^{-5})$

11) pKb given Dissociation constant of Weak Base 

**fx**  $pK_b = -\log_{10}(K_b)$

**Open Calculator **

**ex**  $10 = -\log_{10}(1E^{-10})$

12) pOH given Concentration of Hydroxyl Ion 

**fx**  $pOH = -\log_{10}(OH^-)$

**Open Calculator **

**ex**  $8 = -\log_{10}(1E^{-8}\text{mol/L})$



### 13) pOH of Mixture of Strong Acid and Strong Base when Solution is Basic in Nature ↗

**fx** 
$$\text{pOH} = 14 + \log 10 \left( \frac{N_1 \cdot V_1 - N_2 \cdot V_2}{V_1 + V_2} \right)$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)
**ex**

$$13.63202 = 14 + \log 10 \left( \frac{0.0008\text{Eq/L} \cdot 0.00025\text{L} - 0.0005\text{Eq/L} \cdot 0.0001\text{L}}{0.00025\text{L} + 0.0001\text{L}} \right)$$

### 14) pOH of Mixture of Two Strong Bases ↗

**fx** 
$$\text{pOH} = -\log 10 \left( \frac{N_1 \cdot V_1 + N_2 \cdot V_2}{V_1 + V_2} \right)$$

[Open Calculator ↗](#)
**ex**

$$3.146128 = -\log 10 \left( \frac{0.0008\text{Eq/L} \cdot 0.00025\text{L} + 0.0005\text{Eq/L} \cdot 0.0001\text{L}}{0.00025\text{L} + 0.0001\text{L}} \right)$$



## Variables Used

- $aH^+$  Activity of Hydrogen Ion (*Mole per Liter*)
- $H^+$  Concentration of Hydrogen Ion (*Mole per Liter*)
- $K_a$  Dissociation Constant of Weak Acid
- $K_b$  Dissociation Constant of Weak Base
- $N_1$  Normality of Solution 1 (*Equivalents per Liter*)
- $N_2$  Normality of Solution 2 (*Equivalents per Liter*)
- $OH^-$  Concentration of Hydroxyl Ion (*Mole per Liter*)
- $pH$  Negative Log of Hydronium Concentration
- $pK_a$  Negative Log of Acid Ionization Constant
- $pK_b$  Negative Log of Base Ionization Constant
- $pOH$  Negative Log of Hydroxyl Concentration
- $V_1$  Volume of Solution 1 (*Liter*)
- $V_2$  Volume of Solution 2 (*Liter*)



# Constants, Functions, Measurements used

- **Function:** **log10**, log10(Number)  
*Common logarithm function (base 10)*
- **Measurement:** **Volume** in Liter (L)  
*Volume Unit Conversion* ↗
- **Measurement:** **Molar Concentration** in Mole per Liter (mol/L), Equivalents per Liter (Eq/L)  
*Molar Concentration Unit Conversion* ↗



## Check other formula lists

- [Acidity and pH Scale Formulas](#) ↗
- [Buffer Solution Formulas](#) ↗
- [Ostwald Dilution Law Formulas](#) ↗
- [Relative Strength of Two Acids Formulas](#) ↗

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