



Load-and-Resistance Factor Design for Buildings Formulas

Calculators!

Examples!

Conversions!

Bookmark calculatoratoz.com, unitsconverters.com

Widest Coverage of Calculators and Growing - 30,000+ Calculators!

Calculate With a Different Unit for Each Variable - In built Unit Conversion!

Widest Collection of Measurements and Units - 250+ Measurements!

Feel free to SHARE this document with your friends!

Please leave your feedback here...





Open Calculator

Open Calculator

List of 20 Load-and-Resistance Factor Design for Buildings Formulas

Load-and-Resistance Factor Design for Buildings

Beams 🗗

1) Beam Buckling Factor 1

$$\mathbf{K} \ \mathbf{X}_1 = \left(rac{\pi}{\mathbf{S}_{\mathrm{x}}}
ight) \cdot \sqrt{rac{\mathbf{E} \cdot \mathbf{G} \cdot \mathbf{J} \cdot \mathbf{A}}{2}}$$

2) Beam Buckling Factor 2

$$\mathbf{X}_2 = \left(rac{4\cdot C_w}{I_y}
ight)\cdot \left(rac{S_x}{G\cdot J}
ight)^2$$

3) Critical Elastic Moment

$$\mathbf{M}_{cr} = \left(\frac{C_b \cdot \pi}{L}\right) \cdot \sqrt{\left(\left(E \cdot I_y \cdot G \cdot J\right) + \left(I_y \cdot C_w \cdot \left(\frac{\pi \cdot E}{\left(L\right)^2}\right)\right)\right)}$$

Open Calculator

 $6.791907 \text{N*m} = \left(\frac{1.960 \cdot \pi}{12 \text{m}}\right) \cdot \sqrt{\left((200 \text{GPa} \cdot 5000 \text{mm}^4/\text{mm} \cdot 80 \text{GPa} \cdot 21.9) + \left(5000 \text{mm}^4/\text{mm} \cdot 0.2 \cdot \left(\frac{\pi \cdot 2000 \text{mm}^4/\text{mm} \cdot 0.2 \cdot (\pi \cdot 2000 \text{mm}^4/\text{mm} \cdot 0.2)\right)\right)}\right)}$

4) Critical Elastic Moment for Box Sections and Solid Bars

$$\boxed{\mathbf{\kappa}} \mathbf{M}_{bs} = \frac{57000 \cdot C_b \cdot \sqrt{J \cdot A}}{\frac{L}{r_y}}$$

Open Calculator



ex



5) Limiting Buckling Moment

fx $M_r = F_l \cdot S_x$

Open Calculator 2

Open Calculator 2

 $\mathbf{ex} \ 3.85 \mathrm{kN*m} = 110 \mathrm{MPa} \cdot 35 \mathrm{mm}^{3}$

6) Limiting Laterally Unbraced Length for Full Plastic Bending Capacity for I and Channel Sections

$$\mathrm{L_p} = rac{300 \cdot \mathrm{r_y}}{\sqrt{\mathrm{F_{yf}}}}$$

= 200mm = $\frac{300 \cdot 20mm}{\sqrt{900MPa}}$

7) Limiting Laterally Unbraced Length for Full Plastic Bending Capacity for Solid Bar and Box Beams 🚰

$$\mathbf{f}_{\mathbf{k}} \mathbf{L}_{\mathrm{p}} = rac{3750 \cdot \left(rac{\mathbf{r}_{\mathrm{y}}}{\mathbf{M}_{\mathrm{p}}}
ight)}{\sqrt{\mathbf{J} \cdot \mathbf{A}}}$$

Open Calculator 🚰

8) Limiting Laterally Unbraced Length for Inelastic Lateral Buckling

$$\mathbf{E} \mathbf{L}_{\mathrm{lim}} = \left(rac{\mathbf{r}_{\mathrm{y}} \cdot \mathbf{X}_{1}}{\mathbf{F}_{\mathrm{vw}} - \mathbf{F}_{\mathrm{r}}}
ight) \cdot \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + \left(\mathbf{X}_{2} \cdot \mathbf{F}_{1}^{2}
ight)}}$$

Open Calculator

$$\boxed{\texttt{ex} \boxed{30235.04mm = \left(\frac{20mm \cdot 3005}{139MPa - 80.0MPa}\right) \cdot \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + \left(64 \cdot (110MPa)^2\right)}}}$$

9) Limiting Laterally Unbraced Length for Inelastic Lateral Buckling for Box Beams 🖸

$$\mathbf{L}_{\mathrm{r}} = rac{2 \cdot \mathbf{r}_{\mathrm{y}} \cdot \mathbf{E} \cdot \sqrt{\mathbf{J} \cdot \mathbf{A}}}{\mathbf{M}_{\mathrm{r}}}$$

Open Calculator



10) Maximum Laterally Unbraced Length for Plastic Analysis

 $\mathbf{f_x} egin{equation} L_{
m pd} = r_{
m y} \cdot rac{3600 + 2200 \cdot \left(rac{M_1}{M_{
m p}}
ight)}{F_{
m yc}} \ . \end{gathered}$

Open Calculator

11) Maximum Laterally Unbraced Length for Plastic Analysis in Solid Bars and Box Beams

 $\mathbf{F}_{\mathrm{pd}} = rac{\mathrm{r_{y}} \cdot \left(5000 + 3000 \cdot \left(rac{\mathrm{M_{1}}}{\mathrm{M_{p}}}
ight)
ight)}{\mathrm{F_{y}}}$

Open Calculator

12) Plastic Moment

fx $M_{
m p} = F_{
m yw} \cdot Z_{
m p}$

Open Calculator

$$= 1000.8N*mm = 139MPa \cdot 0.0072mm^{3}$$

13) Specified Minimum Yield Stress for Web given Limiting Laterally Unbraced Length

 $\mathbf{F}_{\mathrm{yw}} = \left(rac{\mathbf{r}_{\mathrm{y}} \cdot \mathbf{X}_{1} \cdot \sqrt{1 + \sqrt{1 + \left(\mathbf{X}_{2} \cdot \mathbf{F}_{1}^{2}
ight)}}}{\mathbf{L}_{\mathrm{lim}}}
ight) + \mathbf{F}_{\mathrm{r}}$

Open Calculator 🗗



Columns 2

14) Critical Buckling Stress when Slenderness Parameter is greater than 2.25

 $\mathbf{F}_{\mathrm{cr}} = rac{0.877 \cdot \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{y}}}{\lambda_{\mathrm{c}}}$

Open Calculator 🗗

15) Critical Buckling Stress when Slenderness Parameter is Less than 2.25

 $\mathbf{F}_{\mathrm{cr}} = 0.658^{\lambda_{\mathrm{c}}} \cdot \mathbf{F}_{\mathrm{y}}$

Open Calculator

16) Maximum Load on Axially Loaded Members

fx $P_{\mathrm{u}} = 0.85 \cdot A_{\mathrm{g}} \cdot F_{\mathrm{cr}}$

Open Calculator

 $= 296.82 \text{kN} = 0.85 \cdot 3600 \text{mm}^2 \cdot 97 \text{MPa}$

17) Slenderness Parameter

 $\lambda_{c} = \left(\frac{k \cdot l}{r}\right)^{2} \cdot \left(\frac{F_{y}}{286220}\right)$

Open Calculator 🗗

ex $2.505956 = \left(\frac{5 \cdot 932 \text{mm}}{87 \text{mm}}\right)^2 \cdot \left(\frac{250 \text{MPa}}{286220}\right)$

Shear in Buildings 🗗

18) Shear Capacity for Web Slenderness less than Alpha 🗗

 $V_{
m u} = 0.54 \cdot \overline{F_{
m yw} \cdot A_{
m w}}$

Open Calculator 🚰

 $= 6.3801 \mathrm{kN} = 0.54 \cdot 139 \mathrm{MPa} \cdot 85 \mathrm{mm}^{2}$

19) Shear Capacity if Web Slenderness is between 1 and 1.25 alpha

 $extbf{K}V_{\mathrm{u}} = rac{0.54 \cdot F_{\mathrm{yw}} \cdot A_{\mathrm{w}} \cdot lpha}{rac{H}{f_{\mathrm{t...}}}}$

Open Calculator

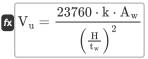
$$= \frac{6.220598 \text{kN}}{6.220598 \text{kN}} = \frac{0.54 \cdot 139 \text{MPa} \cdot 85 \text{mm}^2 \cdot 39}{\frac{2000 \text{mm}}{1000 \text{mm}}}$$







20) Shear Capacity if Web Slenderness is greater than 1.25 alpha



Open Calculator 🚰

$$= \frac{23760 \cdot 5 \cdot 85 mm^2}{\left(\frac{2000 mm}{50.0 mm}\right)^2}$$



Variables Used

- A Cross Sectional Area in Steel Structures (Square Millimeter)
- A_q Gross Cross-Sectional Area (Square Millimeter)
- Aw Web Area (Square Millimeter)
- Ch Moment Gradient Factor
- C_w Warping Constant
- E Elastic Modulus of Steel (Gigapascal)
- F_{cr} Critical Buckling Stress (Megapascal)
- FI Smaller Yield Stress (Megapascal)
- F_r Compressive Residual Stress in Flange (Megapascal)
- F_v Yield Stress of Steel (Megapascal)
- F_{VC} Minimum Yield Stress of Compression Flange (Megapascal)
- F_{vf} Flange Yield Stress (Megapascal)
- F_{vw} Specified Minimum Yield Stress (Megapascal)
- G Shear Modulus (Gigapascal)
- **H** Height of Web (Millimeter)
- I_V Y Axis Moment of Inertia (Millimeter⁴ per Millimeter)
- J Torsional Constant
- k Effective Length Factor
- I Effective Column Length (Millimeter)
- L Unbraced Length of Member (Meter)
- L_{lim} Limiting Length (Millimeter)
- Lp Limiting Laterally Unbraced Length (Millimeter)
- L_{pd} Laterally Unbraced Length for Plastic Analysis (Millimeter)
- Lr Limiting Length for Inelastic Buckling (Millimeter)
- M₁ Smaller Moments of Unbraced Beam (Newton Millimeter)
- M_{bs} Critical Elastic Moment for Box Section (Newton Meter)
- M_{cr} Critical Elastic Moment (Newton Meter)
- Mp Plastic Moment (Newton Millimeter)
- M_r Limiting Buckling Moment (Kilonewton Meter)
- P. Maximum Axial Load (Kilonewton)
- r Radius of Gyration (Millimeter)
- **r**_v Radius of Gyration about Minor Axis (Millimeter)
- S_X Section Modulus about Major Axis (Cubic Millimeter)





- tw Web Thickness (Millimeter)
- V_u Shear Capacity (Kilonewton)
- X₁ Beam Buckling Factor 1
- X₂ Beam Buckling Factor 2
- Z_p Plastic Modulus (Cubic Millimeter)
- α Separation Ratio
- λ_c Slenderness Parameter





Constants, Functions, Measurements used

- Constant: pi, 3.14159265358979323846264338327950288
 Archimedes' constant
- Function: sqrt, sqrt(Number)

A square root function is a function that takes a non-negative number as an input and returns the square root of the given input number.

- Measurement: Length in Meter (m), Millimeter (mm)
 Length Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Volume in Cubic Millimeter (mm³)

 Volume Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Area in Square Millimeter (mm²)
 Area Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Pressure in Gigapascal (GPa)

 Pressure Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Force in Kilonewton (kN)
 Force Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Moment of Force in Newton Meter (N*m), Kilonewton Meter (kN*m), Newton Millimeter (N*mm)

 Moment of Force Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Moment of Inertia per Unit Length in Millimeter per Millimeter (mm⁴/mm)

 Moment of Inertia per Unit Length Unit Conversion
- Measurement: Stress in Megapascal (MPa)
 Stress Unit Conversion





Check other formula lists

- Allowable-Stress Design Formulas
- Base and Bearing Plates Formulas
- Bearing, Stresses, Plate Girders & Ponding Considerations Formulas
- Cold Formed or Light Weighted Steel Structures
 Formulas
- Composite Construction in Buildings Formulas
- Design of Stiffeners under Loads Formulas
- Economical Structural Steel Formulas
- Load-and-Resistance Factor Design for Buildings Formulas
- Number of Connectors Required for Building Construction Formulas
- Webs under Concentrated Loads Formulas

Feel free to SHARE this document with your friends!

PDF Available in

English Spanish French German Russian Italian Portuguese Polish Dutch

6/25/2024 | 7:14:53 AM UTC

Please leave your feedback here...



